

DOCKET NO.: 0660-0139-0XPCT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

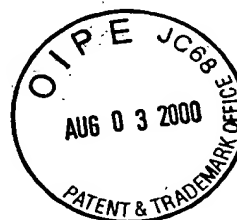
IN RE APPLICATION OF: : GROUP ART UNIT: 1641

SHIRLEY LONGACRE-ANDRE ET AL. :

SERIAL NO.: 09/125,031 : Examiner: GRUN

FILED: MARCH 10, 1999 :

FOR: RECOMBINANT PROTEIN
CONTAINING A C-TERMINAL
FRAGMENT OF PLASMODIUM
MSP-1



DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.132

HON. COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20231

SIR:

Now comes Shirley LONGACRE-ANDRE who deposes and states:

1. That I am a graduate of University of California at San Francisco, California, U.S.A. and received my PhD. Degree in the year 1976.

2. That I have been employed by CNRS for 20 years as a Researcher. Attached hereto is my Curriculum Vitae.

3. I am an inventor of 09/125,031 and am familiar with the prosecution history thereof.

4. The following experiments were conducted by me or under my direct supervision and control.

5. The following experiments demonstrate that the native *P. falciparum* has a GC content of 33% whereas a synthetic *P. falciparum* sequence made according to the disclosure in the present application has a GC content of 54%. Furthermore, the following experiments demonstrate that the protein encoded by the synthetic sequence shows significantly more

reactivity with hyperimmune antisera than the native sequence.

6. The nucleotide sequences of *Plasmodium falciparum* p19 as shown in Figure 1A of the present application (reproduced as Figure 1 in the accompanying figures) have a GC content of 33% (native gene-PF19) and 54% (synthetic gene-Bac19).

7. Recombinant baculoviruses were constructed by inserting the native sequence from the Uganda-Palo Alto strain of *P. falciparum* or the synthetic sequence (as described in the present specification) of the C-terminal portion of the Merozoite Surface Protein 1 (MSP 1) of *P. falciparum* from asparagine 1613 to serine 1705. In addition, the baculovirus constructs included sequences coding for Met 1 to Asp 32 from *P. vivax*, which serves as a signal sequence to mediate secretion or surface expression in baculovirus expression systems.

8. Cultures of Sf9 insect cells were infected with the recombinant baculovirus containing either the native or the synthetic *P. falciparum* sequences and cultured to allow expression of the sequences. Three days after infection, the infected cells were harvested and the resultant cell lysates separated by electrophoresis on 15% SDS-PAGE gels under reduced or non-reduced conditions. The gels were analyzed by immunoblot with a 1:75 dilution of hyperimmune sera obtained from a pool of 13 antisera derived from *P. falciparum* hyperimmune donors. The results of these experiments are shown in the accompanying Figure 2.

9. The immunoblot data show a lower prominent band migrating in only in those infected cell lysates derived from the synthetic baculovirus constructs (compare lanes 61-64 and 71-74 corresponding to the synthetic gene with lanes P1 and P5 corresponding to the native gene). The results show that cells infected with recombinant virus containing the synthetic *P. falciparum* MSP1 sequence from each of 8 individually isolated baculovirus plaques (Nos. 61-64 and 71-74) exhibited significantly more reactivity with the

hyperimmune antisera than cells infected with 2 different recombinant virus isolates containing the native *P. falciparum* sequence (P1 and P5).

10. The undersigned petitioner declares further that all statements made herein of his own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information are believed to be true. Further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of this application or any patent issuing thereon.

11. Further deponent saith not.

Shirley Longacre-André
Signature

5 July 2000
Date

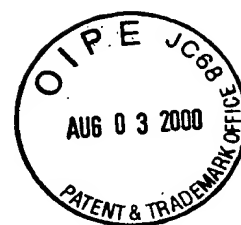
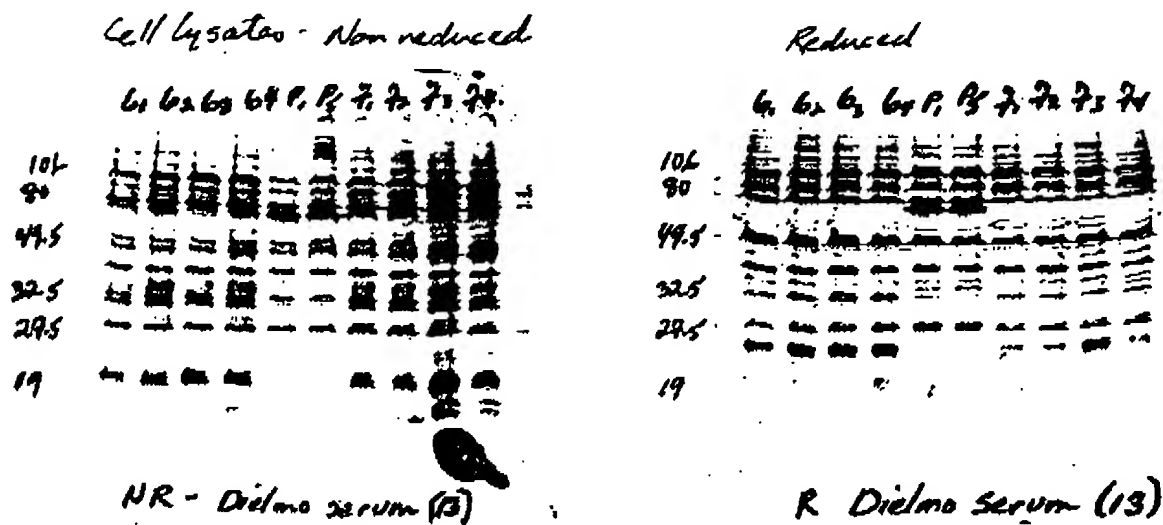


Figure 1. Comparison of the sequences of the artificial gene Bac 19 and the natural *P. falciparum* gene PF 9. Of the 93 *P. falciparum* codons, 36 codons were not changed, the third nucleotide of the codon was changed in 55 codons and the first and third nucleotides were changed in 2 of the codons. New codons were added at the beginning to provide the signal sequence and to add an Eco RI site for cloning and two stop codons not present in the *P. falciparum* molecule were to terminate the protein. The single letters above the codons represent the amino acid encoded by the codon; in each case the amino acid for the *P. falciparum* codon is the same as that indicated for the corresponding Bac 19 codon. A star (*) indicates a stop codon. The vertical lines indicate the nucleotides that are the same in the two gene sequences.

Bac 19	E	F	N	I	S	Q	H	Q	C	V	K	K	Q	C	P	E	N
	GAA	TTC	AAC	ATC	TCG	CAG	CAC	CAA	TGC	GTG	AAA	AAA	CAA	TGT	CCC	GAG	AAC
PF 19																	
			AAC	ATT	TCA	CAA	CAC	CAA	TGC	GTA	AAA	AAA	CAA	TGT	CCA	GAA	AAT
Bac 19	S	G	C	F	R	H	L	D	E	R	E	E	C	K	C	L	L
	TCT	GGC	TGT	TTC	AGA	CAC	TTG	GAC	GAG	AGA	GAG	GAG	TGT	AAA	TGT	CTG	CTG
PF 19																	
	TCT	GGA	TGT	TTC	AGA	CAT	TTA	GAT	GAA	AGA	GAA	GAA	TGT	AAA	TGT	TTA	TTA
Bac 19	N	Y	K	Q	E	G	D	K	C	V	E	N	P	N	P	T	C
	AAC	TAC	AAA	CAG	GAG	GGC	GAC	AAG	TGC	GTG	GAG	AAC	CCC	AAC	CCG	AGC	TGT
PF 19																	
	AAT	TAC	AAA	CAA	GAA	GGT	GAT	AAA	TGT	GTT	GAA	AAT	CCA	AAT	CCT	ACT	TGT
Bac 19	N	E	N	N	G	G	C	D	A	D	A	K	C	T	E	E	D
	AAC	GAG	AAC	AAC	GGC	GGC	TGT	GAC	GCA	GAC	GCC	AAA	TGC	ACC	GAG	GAG	GAC
PF 19																	
	AAC	GAA	AAT	AAT	GGT	GGA	TGT	GAT	GCA	GAT	GCC	AAA	TGT	ACC	GAA	GAA	GAT
Bac 19	S	G	S	N	G	K	K	I	T	C	E	C	T	K	P	D	S
	TCG	GGC	AGC	AAC	GGC	AAG	AAA	ATC	ACG	TGT	GAG	TGT	ACC	AAA	CCC	GAC	TGC
PF 19																	
	TCA	GGT	AGC	AAC	GGA	AAG	AAA	ATC	ACA	TGT	GAA	TGT	ACT	AAA	CCT	GAT	TCT
Bac 19	Y	P	L	F	D	G	I	F	C	S	*	*					
	TAC	CCG	CTG	TTC	GAC	GGC	ATC	TTC	TGC	AGC	TAA	TAA					
PF 19																	
	TAT	CCA	CTT	TTC	GAT	GGT	ATT	TTC	TGC	AGT							

3.

Figure 2. Immunoblots of reduced and non reduced cell lysates infected with recombinant baculovirus. Three days after infection with an excess of recombinant baculovirus the infected cells were harvested, washed with phosphate buffered saline (PBS) and resuspended in PBS and SDS polyacrylamide gel sample buffer with and without 2-mercaptoethanol. The samples were run on 15% SDS-PAGE gels and immunoblotted with a 1:75 dilution of hyperimmune human antisera (pool of 13 donors).



Shirley LONGACRE-ANDRE
Curriculum Vitae



Birth : 2 May 1946 in Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

Nationality : American and French

Married, 4 children

Present address : Unité d'Immunologie des Parasites, URA CNRS 1960
Immunology Department
Pasteur Institute
75724 Paris, France

University Degrees

Bachelor of Arts in Biology, Rice University, Houston, Texas, U.S.A. (1968)
Doctor of Philosophy in Biochemistry, University of California, San Francisco, U.S.A. (1976)

Research Positions

1973-1975 : Teaching Assistant, University of California, San Francisco
1976-1979 : Assistante de recherche, Université de Genève
1980-1981 : Attachée de Recherche au CNRS
1981-1999 : Chargée de Recherche 1ère classe au CNRS
1999- Directeur de Recherche 2ème classe au CNRS

Research Laboratories

1969-1970 : Molecular Biology Institute, University of California, Los Angeles, U.S.A.
Director : Paul Boyer
1970-1976 : Department of Biochemistry, University of California, San Francisco, U.S.A.
Director : William J. Rutter
1976-1979 : Département de Microbiologie, Université de Genève
Directeur : Bernard Mach
1979-1984 : Unité d'Immunoparasitologie, Institut Pasteur, Paris
Directeur : Harvey Eisen
1984-1987 : Unité d'Immunogénétique Cellulaire, Institut Pasteur, Paris
Directeur : Jacques Théze
1989-1995 : Unité d'Immunoparasitologie, Institut Pasteur, Paris
Directeur : Michel Rabinovitch; Luiz Pereira da Silva
1995-1998 : Unité de Parasitologie Expérimentale, Institut Pasteur, Paris
Directeur : Luiz Pereira da Silva
1998-1999 : Unité de Biologie des Interactions Hôte-Parasite, Institut Pasteur, Paris
Directeur : Catherine Breton
1999- Unité d'Immunologie Moléculaire des Parasites
Directeur : Odile Puijalon

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PATENT
ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. :0660-0139-0X PCT

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In re Patent Application of

Shirley LONGACRE-ANDRE et al

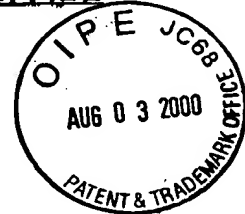
Serial No. : 09/125,031

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FRAGMENT OF PLASMODIUM
MSP-1

Group Art Unit : 1641

Examiner : Grun, J.



DECLARATION REGARDING DEPOSIT OF MICROORGANISMS

I, Madame Danielle Barneman, do hereby declare that:

1. I am a citizen of France.
2. I am the Head of the Department of Patents and Inventions at Institut Pasteur, 25-28 rue du Dr. Roux 75724 Paris Cedex 15 France, to whom this application has been partially assigned. As Head of the Department of Patents and Inventions, I am responsible for protecting the patent rights of Institut Pasteur.
3. Although this application was also assigned to New York University, I was the person responsible for overseeing the deposit of microorganisms.
4. The microorganisms PvMSP1p19A, PvMSP1p19S, PmMSP1p19A, PmMSP1p19S and PcMSP1p19S, which are disclosed on page 30, lines 8 to 17 of this application and the hybridoma G17.2 set forth on page 21, lines 11-14 were deposited as set forth below with the Collection Nationale

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de Cultures de Microorganismes ("C.N.C.M.") of Institut Pasteur to assure availability of these microorganisms to the public:

Microorganism	Accession Number	Date of Deposit
PvMSP1p19A	I-1659	February 1, 1996
PvMSP1p19S	I-1660	February 1, 1996
PfMSP1p19A	I-1661	February 1, 1996
PfMSP1p19S	I-1662	February 1, 1996
PcMSP1p19S	I-1663	February 1, 1996
Hybridoma G17-12	I-1846	February 14, 1997

5. The C.N.C.M. has acquired the status of International Depository Authority, within the meaning of the Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganisms for the purposes of Patent Procedure, for deposits of bacteria, bacteria containing plasmids, filamentous fungi, yeasts and viruses. For deposits of microorganisms and other animal cell lines, the C.N.C.M. is a recognized depository institution under Rules 28 and 28a of the Implementing Regulations to the Convention on the Grant of European Patents.
6. The C.N.C.M. has agreed with Institut Pasteur, in consideration of the payment of a lump sum service charge, to maintain the above-mentioned microorganisms and hybridoma and any information thereto and to their deposits in accordance with the Budapest Treaty for 30 years from the date of deposit or for the enforceable life of any patent to issue from this application or for 5 years after the last request for these microorganisms, whichever is longer.
7. All requirements of the C.N.C.M. for maintenance of the above-mentioned microorganisms and hybridoma during the time periods and under the conditions set forth in paragraph 6, above, have been fulfilled by Institut

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Pasteur. In this regard, the required lump sum service charge for 30 years maintenance of the above-mentioned microorganisms and hybridoma and for first testing of the viability thereof were paid upfront by Institut Pasteur at the time those microorganisms and hybridoma were deposited.

8. It is believed, therefore, that Institut Pasteur has taken all steps required to have their deposits of the above-mentioned microorganisms and hybridoma maintained by the C.N.C.M. for the following terms: for 30 years or for the enforceable life of any patent after the last request for a sample of cultures, whichever is longer.
9. The C.N.C.M. has also agreed with Institut Pasteur to allow access to the above-mentioned microorganisms and hybridoma during the term set forth in paragraph 8, above, and also during the pendency of this application to anyone determined by the Commissioner to be entitled thereto under 37 C.F.R. §1.14 and 35 U.S.C. § 122.
10. Institut Pasteur has committed itself for a period of at least 30 years to replace at the C.N.C.M. the above-mentioned microorganisms and hybridoms, should they happen to mutate or die. It being understood that any replacement for these microorganisms and hybridoma would have the same features as those already deposited.
11. The C.N.C.M. has agreed with Institut Pasteur to remove irrevocably all restrictions on the availability to the public of the above-mentioned microorganisms and hybridoma upon granting of a patent from this application.

I also declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States

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Code and that such wilful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

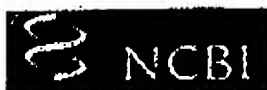
June 26, 2000

Date



Madame Danielle Berneman

Anex I



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PubMed, Protein, Related Sequences

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 Eukaryota; Alveolata; Apicomplexa; Haemosporida; Plasmodium.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 5181)
 AUTHORS del Portillo, H.A., Longacre, S., Khouri, E. and David, P.H.
 TITLE Primary structure of the merozoite surface antigen 1 of Plasmodium vivax reveals sequences conserved between different Plasmodium species
 JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 88 (9), 4030-4034 (1991)
 MEDLINE 31219506
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1501	aatgagtlca	aaccagcatt	taatcacttt	tatgaggcaa	gactggacaa	caccttgttt
1561	gaaaacaaat	ttgatgaatt	taaaaccaaa	agggaggcat	atatggagga	gaagaaaaaa
1621	ctagagagct	gctcctacga	acagaacacc	aatctgatta	acaagttgaa	aaaacaactg
1681	acctactlgg	aggactacgt	gttaagaaaa	gacalcgccg	acgatgaaat	taaacacttc
1741	agtttcatgg	agtggaaatt	aaagagcgaa	atltatgata	tagcccagga	aatccgaaaa
1801	aecgaaaaaa	agctcaccgt	tgaaaaaaaa	ttcgacttot	ccggggttgt	ggaaggacaa
1861	gtacaaaagg	tattgataat	caaaaaaatt	gaggctctaa	agaatgtcca	yaatcttctt
1921	aagaatgcca	aggtgaagga	cgacctgtac	gttccaaagg	tgtataatac	agggcagaaa
1981	cctgagccct	actacttgat	ggtcctcaaa	agggaaattg	acaagttgaa	ggacttcata
2041	cccaaaatcg	agagcatgat	cgccactgag	aaggccaagc	cggcagcgct	agcggcagtg
2101	accagtggac	aattgcttag	aggatcaagc	gaagcagcga	cagaggtcac	aaccaatgag
2161	gtaacatctg	aagatcaaca	acaacaacaa	caacaacaac	aacaacaaca	acaacaacaa
2221	cagcaacaac	agcaacaaca	acaatcacaa	gtagtaccag	cacctgcagg	agatgccccaa
2281	caagtaatct	caacacaacc	gactagtcaa	tccgcagcac	caggcgatct	agccacacca
2341	gcaccaaacac	ctgctgccgc	agccgcacca	gcaccagcca	tgtccaaact	ggaataacctc
2401	gaaaagctcc	ttgatttttt	aaaatccgct	tacgcattgt	acaagcacat	cttcgttaacc
2461	aactccacca	tggacaagaa	actactcaaa	gagtacgaac	ttacgctga	tgagaaaacc
2521	aaaattaatc	aaaacaaatg	cgatgaattg	gacctcctat	tcaatgtcca	gaacaacttg
2581	ccagccatgt	actccatata	tgactccatg	agcaacgagc	tgagaaatct	ttacattgag
2641	ctgtaccaga	aggaaatggt	ttacaatata	tataagaaca	aggacacgga	caagaagatt
2701	aaggctttcc	tggaaacatc	caacaacaaa	ggggctgctc	ctgctcagtc	agcggcaaaa
2761	cccagcggtc	aagcggagta	ctactccagt	aacgacaact	gcgcagtaaa	ccacaacaac
2821	agttactcca	agtcceccaa	catcagttgt	aacaagcaca	cctctacacc	ccaagcagaa
2881	gaaanccaaac	gcgtggggag	taacagcgag	gagaaacccg	aagccgacac	tgcgcaagtg
2941	gaaaagtgtt	acgacaagca	cctatcccaa	attgacaagt	acaacgatta	tticaagaaa
3001	ttccttgaat	ccaaaaaaga	ggaaatcatt	aaaatggatg	atacaaatgt	gaatgcacta
3061	gglanagaaa	ttgaggaact	gaagaagaa	ctacaagtat	ctctggacca	ctatggaag
3121	tacaagctca	aattggagag	gttctctcaa	aagaagaata	aaatctctaa	cagcaaggat
3181	caaattaaaa	agctcaccag	tttgaaaaaa	aaattggaga	gaagacaaaa	tctgttgaat

Annex II

Preferential expression of a synthetic *Plasmodium falciparum* gene with altered codons in baculovirus

By Shirley Longacre and Charles Roth

The object of the experimentation and results presented here was to test the hypothesis that genes derived from *Plasmodium falciparum* are generally not well expressed in baculovirus owing to an important divergence in codon usage between the two organisms. In this context we constructed two types of genes encoding the C-terminal portion of the Merozoite Surface Protein 1 (MSP1) of *P. falciparum* from asparagine 1613 to serine 1705. One gene was prepared by using PCR and appropriate short oligonucleotides to make a direct copy from the DNA of the Uganda-Palo Alto (FUP) strain of *P. falciparum* (Chang et al., Exp. Parasit. 67,1; 1989).. A second type of gene was constructed from five long overlapping synthetic oligonucleotides (84-87 bases) using PCR. This gene encoded the same amino acids as the first type but its codon usage was adjusted to reflect baculovirus codon preferences as determined by the analysis of baculovirus genes previously reported in the literature.

In addition to the 93 amino acids between Asn 1613 and Ser 1705 of *P. falciparum* (FUP) MSP1, each type of gene construct included sequences coding for Met 1 to Asp32 derived from *P. lasmodium vivax* (Belem strain) DNA (del Portillo et al., P.N.A.S. 88, 4043; 1991) followed by Glu-Phe derived from the EcoR1 linker used to construct the hybrid genes as detailed by Longacre et al. (Mol. Biochem. Parasit. 64, 191; 1994). The *P. vivax* derived sequence contained a signal sequence which was previously shown to function well in the baculovirus system to mediate secretion or cell surface expression of similar recombinant proteins from *P. vivax* (Longacre et al., op. cit.).

Figure 1 shows the sequence of our synthetic gene as well as the corresponding native *P. falciparum* sequence. The GC content of the native and synthetic *P. falciparum* sequences are 33% and 54% respectively. The synthetic gene contains 57/93 or 61% codon changes compared to the native gene.

Figure 2 shows immunoblots of reduced and non reduced cell lysates derived from Sf9 insect cells infected with recombinant baculovirus containing either the native or synthetic *P. falciparum* sequences. Immunoblotting was done using a pool of 13 antisera derived from *P. falciparum* hyperimmune donors. The results show that cells infected with recombinant virus containing the synthetic *P. falciparum* MSP1 sequence from each of 8 individually isolated baculovirus plaques (61-4; 71-4) show significantly more reactivity with the hyperimmune antisera than cells infected with 2 different recombinant virus isolates containing the native *P. falciparum* sequence (P1, P5). The changes in migration of the non reduced recombinant protein